Oak Lodge Governance Project: State Funding for Local Communities



(Getting our Fair Share?)

> Dave Hunt April 10, 2021



WHO ARE WE? Often Ignored



WHO ARE WE? Unique



Clackamas County: 423,420 residents
221,530 living in incorporated cities
201,890 living in unincorporated areas (47.7%)
OLGP Study Area: Well served by local service districts, but not eligible for state revenue sharing

STATE REVENUE SHARING



- Highway Trust Fund Revenues
- Liquor Revenues
- Marijuana Tax Revenues
- Cigarette Tax Revenues
- 9-1-1 Tax Revenues (only for some cities)

STATE REVENUE SHARING



- Per capita distributions
- Based on population estimates from PSU each July
- Distributed to cities by Oregon Department of Administrative Services (DAS)

HIGHWAY TRUST FUND \$\$

- \$68.61 per capita in 2020-21 (growing to \$76.32 per capita in 2022-23) to Cities
- Generated by gas taxes, license fees, vehicle registration fees, title fees, weight-mile taxes
- Utilization: Construction, reconstruction, preservation, maintenance, repair, and improvement of highways, roads, streets, bike paths, foot paths



HIGHWAY TRUST FUND \$\$

- Cities get 20% of total (30% to counties, 50% to state) since 2009 Jobs & Transportation Act
- Plus more small city competitive grants since 2017
- Plus cities are eligible for transit \$ from payroll tax
- Plus cities may refer for voter approval a local fuel tax (30 cities have done so)
- Cities receive part of new ClackCo Vehicle Reg. tax



HIGHWAY TRUST FUND \$\$

FY 2023 Estimates:

- Barlow: \$10,638
- Canby: \$1,335,624
- Estacada: \$293,522
- Gladstone: \$938,089
- Happy Valley: \$1,709,614
- Johnson City: \$44,521
- Lake Oswego: \$3,082,179

- Milwaukie: \$1,618,114
- Molalla: \$778,917
- Oregon City: \$2,802,840
- Rivergrove: \$39,793
- Sandy: \$872,686
- Tualatin: \$2,138,180
- West Linn: \$2,041,259
- Wilsonville: \$2,019,984



LIQUOR REVENUE \$\$



\$19.25 per capita in 2020-21 to Cities
Source: Liquor fees plus beer, wine & cider taxes
Use of revenue: Unrestricted

LIQUOR REVENUE \$\$



56% to State, 10% to Counties, 34% to Cities:
20% to Cities based on per capita
14% to Cities based on formula considering property taxes, population, and income

MARIJUANA TAX \$\$



\$3.06 per capita in 2020-21 to Cities (10% of total)
With passage of Ballot Measure 110, share to Cities dropping to fixed total of \$4.5 Million each year
Source: Tax on all recreational marijuana products
Use of revenue: Unrestricted

MARIJUANA TAX \$\$



Given to Cities that do <u>not</u> ban marijuana licenses
75% to Cities based on per capita; 25% to Cities based on number of licensed premises in each City
Cities may impose additional 3% local recreational marijuana tax with voter approval

CIGARETTE TAX \$\$



\$0.93 per capita in 2020-21 to Cities
Passage of Ballot Measure 108 will increase tax (but not include cities in that increase)
Tobacco usage gradually decreasing

CIGARETTE TAX \$\$



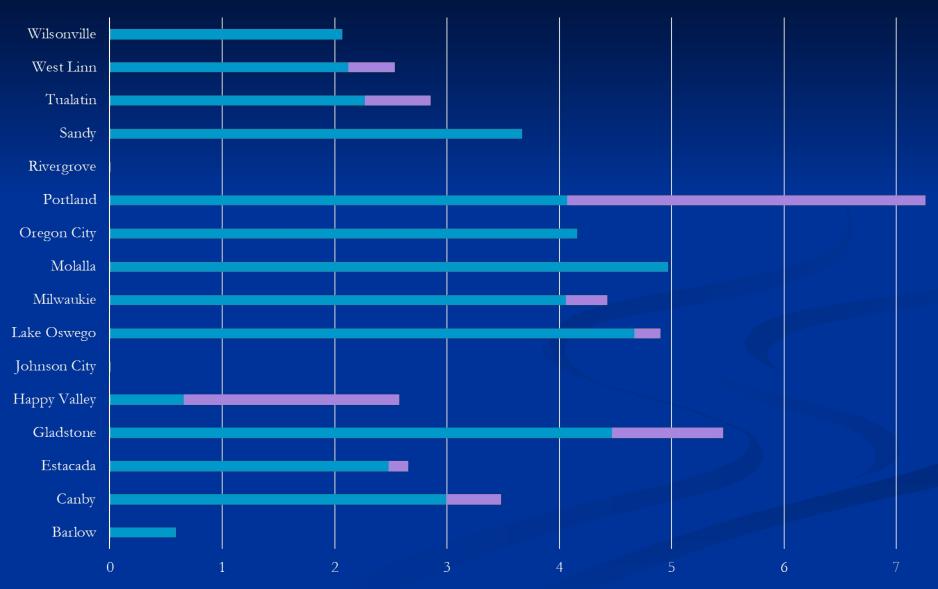
Source of Cities' revenue: Cigarette tax only
Use of revenue: Unrestricted
Cities may <u>not</u> impose any local tobacco taxes

9-1-1 EMERGENCY TAX \$\$



\$7.21 per capita in 2020-21 to Cities
Most cities receive no distribution
Distributed per capita to the governing authorities of the 9-1-1 Centers

PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED



■ Base ■ Bond/Levy/Local Option

PROPERTY TAXES w/o Portland

Wilsonville West Linn Tualatin Sandy					
Rivergrove Oregon City Molalla Milwaukie					
Lake Oswego Johnson City Happy Valley Gladstone					
Estacada Canby Barlow	0		3	4 5	

■ Base ■ Bond/Levy/Local Option

QUESTIONS & DISCUSSION

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